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receptor (not shown) in a cystoscope 251, which is included within the means of the invention for interlocking the cannula and stylet to the cystoscope. FIG. 26 is a bottom view thereof. FIG. 27 is a cross-sectional side view of the handle showing its essential components. Bridge 252 supports a conventional optic viewing assembly 254 including a conventional, focusing lens 256, light source connector 258 and fiber optic assembly 260. Bridge 252 also includes a receptor for the distal projection 262 of the control handle 264.--

IN THE CLAIMS

Amend the following claims to read:

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14. (Amended) A treatment device assembly for an endoscopic surgical instrument having a housing and being provided with a conduit comprising:

- a) a needle having a hollow core;
- b) a cannula for slidably receiving said needle so as to guide said needle;
- c) a control mechanism for extending and retracting said needle; and
- d) means for interlocking said assembly to the housing of said endoscopic surgical instrument so as to extend said needle and cannula through the conduit of said endoscopic surgical instrument.

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15. (Twice Amended) An assembly as recited in Claim 14 wherein said cannula includes a curvable surface for deflecting said needle at an angle from a primary axis of said needle.

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16. (Amended) An assembly as recited in Claim 15 wherein said cannula has a bendable portion having a wire enclosed therein having a first end and a second end and said assembly further comprises a finger actuatable mechanism for tensioning said wire whereby when said wire is tensioned by an operator through operation of said finger actuatable mechanism, said bendable portion is angled away from a primary axis of said cannula and said electrode is deflected away from said primary axis.

17. (Amended) An assembly as recited in Claim 14 wherein said means for interlocking includes means for removably disposing the assembly within the housing whereby said needle and cannula can be slidably disposed in and removed from the conduit of said endoscopic surgical instrument.

~~Sub E-1~~ 19. (Amended) An assembly as recited in Claim 18 further comprising a radio frequency generator for supplying RF energy to said electrode.

20. (Amended) An assembly as recited in Claim 19 further comprising an indifferent electrode coupled to said radio frequency generator.

21. (Amended) An assembly as recited in Claim 14 wherein

a) said needle is an RF electrode; and

b) said assembly further comprises a radio frequency generator for supplying RF energy to said electrode for monopolar operation.

22. (Amended) An assembly as recited in Claim 21 wherein said cannula includes a curved surface for deflecting said electrode at a predetermined angle from a primary axis of said electrode.

24. (Amended) A medical treatment device comprising an elongate probe member having proximal and distal extremities, the elongate probe member having a longitudinal axis and at least one passageway extending from the proximal extremity to the distal extremity, a guide cannula mounted in the at least one passageway of the elongate probe member and having proximal and distal extremities with the distal extremity of the guide cannula being in the vicinity of the distal extremity of the elongate probe member, the guide cannula having an opening in the distal extremity and a lumen extending from the proximal extremity to the opening in the distal extremity, a needle slidably disposed in the lumen of the guide cannula, the needle being in the form of a tube having an axial lumen extending therethrough, and a control mechanism coupled to the proximal extremity of the elongate probe member and secured to the needle for advancing and retracting the needle relative to the guide cannula.

25. (Amended) A device as in Claim 24 wherein the distal extremity of the guide cannula is curvable for directing the needle sidewise of the longitudinal axis.

26. (Amended) A device as in Claim 24 wherein the distal extremity of the guide cannula is bendable, an additional control mechanism coupled to the proximal extremity of the elongate probe member for bending the distal extremity of the guide cannula.

30. (Amended) A device as in Claim 29 further comprising a radio frequency generator for supplying radio frequency energy to the radio frequency electrode.